

PASH ANTIQUES

A. PASH & SONS OF MAYFAIR

A massive Edwardian silver thirteen-light candelabrum

George Storer

REF: 11079

Height: 106 cm (41.7") Diameter: 58 cm (22.8") Weight: 18 kg

£48,500



Hallmarked for by George Storer London 1904

Gross weight of approximately 580oz, silver weight approximately 500oz

The engraved crest for Carington, most likely for Charles Robert Wynn-Carington

Charles Robert Wynn-Carington, 1st Marquess of Lincolnshire, KG, GCMG, PC, JP, DL (16 May 1843 - 13 June 1928), known as the Lord Carrington from 1868 to 1895, and as the Earl Carrington from 1895 to 1912, was a British Liberal politician and aristocrat. He was Governor of New South Wales from 1885 to 1890.

Charles Robert Carrington was born at Whitehall on 16 May 1843, the son of Robert Carrington, 2nd Baron Carrington, and his second wife Charlotte, the younger daughter of Peter Drummond-Burrell, 22nd Baron Willoughby de Eresby.[1] The Hon. Sir William Carrington and Rupert Carrington, 4th Baron Carrington, were his younger brothers, while Peter Carrington, 6th Baron Carrington, was his grand-nephew. He was educated at Eton and Trinity College, Cambridge.[2] He was a lifelong friend of King Edward VII, having first met him in 1854.[citation needed]

On his mother's death in 1879 he became joint hereditary Lord Great Chamberlain of England.[3] Born Charles Carrington, he and his two brothers assumed by Royal Licence the surname of Carrington in 1880. In 1896 he assumed by Royal Licence the surname of Wynn-Carrington.

Carrington sat in the House of Commons as a Liberal for High Wycombe from 1865 until he succeeded his father to the baronies in 1868. He served under William Ewart Gladstone as Captain of the Honourable Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms from 1881 to 1885, and was sworn of the Privy Council in 1881.

He was appointed to be the Governor of New South Wales in 1885 until 1890 and was appointed to the Order of St Michael and St George as a Knight Grand Cross in June 1885. He again held office under Gladstone and later Lord Rosebery as Lord Chamberlain of the Household from 1892 to 1895. The latter year he was created Viscount Wendover, of Chepping Wycombe, in the County of Buckingham, and Earl Carrington.

In early 1901 he was appointed by King Edward VII to lead a special diplomatic mission to announce the King's accession to the governments of France, Spain, and Portugal.

After the Liberals returned to power in 1905 he served as President of the Board of Agriculture between 1905 and 1911 and as Lord Privy Seal between 1911 and 1912, with a seat in the cabinet in Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman and H. H. Asquith's ministries. In 1912 he was further honoured when he was made Marquess of Lincolnshire.

A noted land reformer, Carrington was a supporter of Lloyd George's redistributive "People's Budget", which he regarded as "bold, Liberal and humane".

Carrington married the Hon. Cecilia Margaret Harbord (1856-1934), daughter of Charles Harbord, 5th Baron Suffield, and Cecilia Annetta Baring, in 1878. They had one son and five daug...